Vame:	e: Foundation Foundati	ations
Date: _	Period: Earth S	Earth Science
	Packet: Intro to Earth Science	
CLASS	S NOTES	
•	Earth Science	
	Branches of Science Include: Astronomy,, Meteorology, Oceanography, and Hydrology	
•	Astronomy	
•	Tools used by an Astronomer: radio telescopes, refractive telescopes and satellites Geology	
•	Tools used by a Geologist: drill trucks, rock hammers and a spectroscope Meteorology	
	Tools used by a Meteorologist: weather station, anemometer, weather vane, barome thermometer, satellites and doppler radars	ter,
•	Oceanography	
•	Tools used by an Oceanographer: SCUBA gear, buoys, research ships and submarin Climatology	nes
•	Tools used by an Climatologists: ice core samples Hydrology	
	Tools used by an Climatologists: ice core samples	

Packet: Intro to Earth Science

- Earth is a dynamic self-contained planet where the different ______
 and ______ interact with one another
- Goals to Accomplish by June:
 - Study the ______ relationships on Earth and recognize patterns to help ______ an outcome
 - Learn about emergency preparedness
 - Become problem solvers with everyday issues
 - •
- How to do well:
 - Attend _____ class
 - · Complete your notes and laboratory activities
 - Ask questions even if you think they are stupid
 - Study your material before quizzes and tests

PART I QUESTIONS: MULTIPLE CHOICE

- 1. What tools are used by Earth Scientists to help study the planet?
 - a. Doppler Radars
 - b. Submarines
 - c. Refractive Telescopes
 - d. All of the Above
- 2. According to Neil deGrasse Tyson, what is science?
 - a. Science is the act of changing data to benefit mankind.
 - b. Science is an experiment that is up for interpretation.
 - c. Science is an entire exercise in finding out what is true.
 - d. None of the Above
- 3. Why do we study Earth Science?
 - a. To learn about emergency situations and how to prepare for them.
 - b. To become problem solvers.
 - c. To learn how to interpret data, recognize trends, and predicts outcomes.
 - d. All of the above