Name:

Date: ____

Review: Geologic Time

Directions: Carefully read over the checklist of items that you need to know for the "Geologic Time" test. Be sure to attend extra help if you have any questions.

EARLY EVOLUTION

- □ Term to Know: outgassing
- □ Earth Science Reference Tables: Geologic History of New York State
- Earth is 4.6 billion years old
- Earth separated into its layers according to density
- □ The Cambrian Explosion [Burgess Shale] began the great diversity of life on Earth

RELATIVE DATING

- Terms to Know: uniformitarianism, relative dating, original horizontality, correlation, fossil
- □ Superposition states that the oldest layer is usually the oldest and youngest is on the top
- $\hfill\square$ Intrusions are an exception to superposition and are younger then the rock they crosscut
- □ Contact Metamorphism in younger then the rock they crosscut
- \Box Faults in younger then the rock they crosscut
- □ Folds are an exception to superposition
- $\hfill\square$ Index Fossils are used to identify a geologic period and used to correlate
- \Box To be considered a good index fossil it needs to meet two criteria:
 - 1. The organism existed over a large geographic area
 - 2. The organism existed over a short time
- Geologic Time Markers represent a specific date in a rock sequence [volcanic eruptions]
- □ Know how to interpret a rock cross-section and sequence rock formation and events

ABSOLUTE DATING

- $\hfill\square$ Terms to Know: absolute dating, radioactive decay, isotope
- \square Half-life is the time required for half of a radioactive product to decay to a stable product
- □ Nothing can change half-life... NOTHING!
- □ Earth Science Reference Tables: Radioactive Decay Data
- □ Carbon-14 [C-14] is used to date recent organic remains
- □ Carbon-14 can only accurately date to 50,000 years
- □ Uranium-238 [Ur-238 is used to date really old rocks