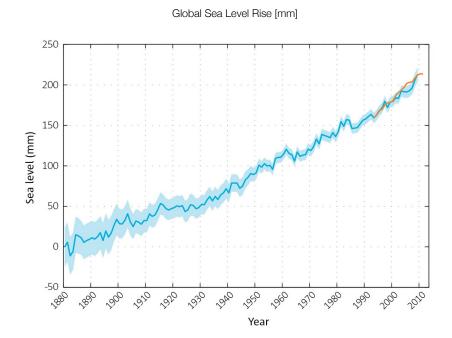
	: Period:	Water and Climate Earth Science
	Packet: Climate Change	
CLASS	SNOTES	
•	Climate Change	
•	Global Warming	
•	Greenhouse Effect	
	Green House Gases:	
	Chlorofluorocarbons% Nitrous Oxide% Methane%	Carbon Dioxide %

•	Contribu	uting Factors:
	1.	
	2.	
	3.	
	4.	
•	Potentia	al Effects:
	1.	
	2.	
	3.	
	4.	
	5.	

• 90% of the US population lives within _____ miles of the ocean and if sea level were to rise these areas would be inundated with water



.

Packet: Climate Change

PART I QUESTIONS: MULTIPLE CHOICE

- 1. Which greenhouse gas has increased in Earth's atmosphere partly as a result of deforestation?
 - a. ozone
 - b. oxygen
 - c. nitrogen
 - d. carbon dioxide
- 2. Most scientists infer that a major factor in the increased rate of melting of Earth's glaciers is
 - a. a decrease in the output of energy from the Sun
 - b. a decrease in Earth's atmospheric transparency
 - c. an increase in Earth's orbital distance from the Sun
 - d. an increase in carbon dioxide in Earth's atmosphere
- 3. Which list contains three major greenhouse gases found in Earth's atmosphere?
 - a. carbon dioxide, methane, and nitrous oxide
 - b. carbon dioxide, oxygen, and nitrogen
 - c. hydrogen, oxygen, and methane
 - d. hydrogen, water vapor, and nitrogen
- 4. Most scientists infer that increasing levels of carbon dioxide in Earth's atmosphere are contributing to
 - a. decreased thickness of the troposphere
 - b. depletion of ozone
 - c. increased absorption of ultraviolet radiation
 - d. increased global temperatures
- 5. Global warming is most likely occurring due to an increase in
 - a. carbon dioxide and methane gases in the atmosphere
 - b. oxygen and nitrogen gases in the atmosphere
 - c. ultraviolet radiation and x rays reflected from Earth
 - d. visible light and radio waves reflected from Earth
- 6. In addition to carbon dioxide, two other major greenhouse gases in Earth's atmosphere are
 - a. oxygen and nitrogen
 - b. oxygen and methane
 - c. water vapor and nitrogen
 - d. chlorofluorocarbons and methane
- 7. Which gas in Earth's upper atmosphere absorbs large amounts of ultraviolet radiation?
 - a. water vapor
 - b. methane
 - c. nitrogen
 - d. ozone

PART II QUESTIONS: FREE RESPONSE

Base your answers to questions 8 through 10 on the data table below and on your knowledge of Earth science. The data table shows the average level of atmospheric carbon dioxide [CO₂], measured in parts per million [ppm], for the month of February at the Mauna Loa observatory in Hawaii from 2008 to 2014.

Average February Atmospheric

Year

		400	Carbon Dioxide Levels										
Year	Average February Atmospheric CO ₂ Levels (ppm)		400 -										
2008	386	Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	395 -		+							-	-
2009	387) ep	-										\neg
2010	390	ioxi											
2011	392	D											
2012	394	rbo	390-										
2013	396	Ca											
2014	398				_								
			-		_								_
					_								-
			385 200	08	2009	20	10	201	11	2012	2 20) 013	201

- 8. On the grid above, construct a line graph by plotting the data for the average February atmospheric carbon dioxide [CO₂] levels for the years 2008 to 2014. Connect the plots with a line.
- 9. These measurements of atmospheric carbon dioxide were collected at an altitude of 3.4 kilometers. Identify the temperature zone of the atmosphere where these data were collected.
- 10. Describe two human activities that would decrease the amount of CO₂ in Earth's atmosphere.