Name:		Minerals and Rocks
Date:	Period:	Earth Science
Lak	o Activity: Sedimentary	/ Rocks
INTRODUCTION:		
individual characteristics of	ned from an accumulation of sediments at the sediments and method of lithification of ned chemically or can be composed of for	determine the classification. Some
OBJECTIVE:		
Learn how to identify sedi	mentary rocks based on their properties	
VOCABULARY:		
Clastic -		
Crystalline -		
Bioclastic -		
Lithification -		

#### PROCEDURE:

Sediments -

- 1. For each unknown sedimentary rocks, identify the key observable characteristics.
- 2. Determine the name of the sedimentary rock based on the observed characteristics and the Earth Science Reference Tables.

## Lab Activity: Sedimentary Rocks

Texture	Texture	Observations	Rock Name
□ Clastic	□ Various sizes		
	□ Sand sized: 0.006 - 0.2 cm		
	☐ Silt sized: 0.0004 - 0.006 cm		
	☐ Clay sized: less than 0.0004 cm		
□ Crystalline	☐ Fine to coarse		
□ Bioclastic	☐ Microscopic to very coarse		
Method of Lithifi	cation:   Burial and Compaction	☐ Burial and Cementation ☐	Precipitation / Evaporation

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### Lab Activity: Sedimentary Rocks

#### **DISCUSSION QUESTIONS:**

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1. What is the maximum and minimum size of a cobble?
2. How can you distinguish a clastic rock from that of a bioclastic rock?
3. Describe the sequence of events in the lithification of sandstone?
4. Why are sedimentary rocks only found on or close to Earth's surface?
5. Why does the sedimentary rock limestone react with HCl acid?
CONCLUSION: On what basis are sedimentary rocks classified?